

**nag\_5pt\_summary\_stats (g01alc)****1. Purpose**

**nag\_5pt\_summary\_stats (g01alc)** calculates a five-point summary for a single sample.

**2. Specification**

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

void nag_5pt_summary_stats(Integer n, double x[], double res[], NagError *fail)
```

**3. Description**

**nag\_5pt\_summary\_stats** calculates the minimum, lower hinge, median, upper hinge and the maximum of a sample of  $n$  observations.

The data consists of a single sample of  $n$  observations denoted by  $x_i$  and let  $z_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$  represent the sample observations sorted into ascending order.

Let  $m = \frac{n}{2}$  if  $n$  is even and  $\frac{(n+1)}{2}$  if  $n$  is odd,

and  $k = \frac{m}{2}$  if  $m$  is even and  $\frac{(m+1)}{2}$  if  $m$  is odd.

Then we have:

|             |   |                                 |                 |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Minimum     | = | $z_1$ ,                         |                 |
| Maximum     | = | $z_n$ ,                         |                 |
| Median      | = | $z_m$                           | if $n$ is odd,  |
|             | = | $\frac{z_m + z_{m+1}}{2}$       | if $n$ is even, |
| Lower hinge | = | $z_k$                           | if $m$ is odd,  |
|             | = | $\frac{z_k + z_{k+1}}{2}$       | if $m$ is even, |
| Upper hinge | = | $z_{n-k+1}$                     | if $m$ is odd,  |
|             | = | $\frac{z_{n-k} + z_{n-k+1}}{2}$ | if $m$ is even. |

**4. Parameters**

**n**

Input: the number of observations in the sample,  $n$ .  
Constraint:  $n \geq 5$ .

**x[n]**

Input: the sample observations,  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ .

**res[5]**

Output: **res** contains the five-point summary as follows:

**res[0]** = the minimum  
**res[1]** = the lower hinge  
**res[2]** = the median  
**res[3]** = the upper hinge  
**res[4]** = the maximum

**fail**

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

**5. Error Indications and Warnings****NE\_INT\_ARG\_LT**

On entry, **n** must not be less than 5: **n** = *<value>*.

**NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL**

Memory allocation failed.

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

**6. Further Comments**

The time taken by the routine is proportional to *n*.

**6.1. Accuracy**

The computations are stable.

**6.2. References**

Erickson B H and Nosanchuk T A (1985) *Understanding Data*. Open University Press, Milton Keynes.  
 Tukey J W (1977) *Exploratory data analysis*. Addison-Wesley.

**7. See Also**

nag\_summary\_stats\_1var (g01aac)

**8. Example**

The example program calculates a five-point summary for a sample of 12 observations.

**8.1. Program Text**

```

/* nag_5pt_summary_stats(g01alc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 1996 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 4, 1996.
 *
 */

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

#define NMAX 12

main()
{
    double x[NMAX], res[5];

    Integer i;
    Integer n;

    Vprintf("g01alc Example Program Results\n");
    /*      Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\\n] ");
    Vscanf("%ld ", &n);
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        Vscanf("%lf ", &x[i - 1]);

```

```
g01alc(n, x, res, NAGERR_DEFAULT);  
  
Vprintf("\n");  
Vprintf(" Maximum      %16.4f\n", res[4]);  
Vprintf(" Upper Hinge  %16.4f\n", res[3]);  
Vprintf(" Median        %16.4f\n", res[2]);  
Vprintf(" Lower Hinge  %16.4f\n", res[1]);  
Vprintf(" Minimum      %16.4f\n", res[0]);  
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);  
}
```

## 8.2. Program Data

g01alc Example Program Data

12

12.0 9.0 2.0 5.0 6.0 8.0 2.0 7.0 3.0 1.0 11.0 10.0

## 8.3. Program Results

g01alc Example Program Results

|             |         |
|-------------|---------|
| Maximum     | 12.0000 |
| Upper Hinge | 9.5000  |
| Median      | 6.5000  |
| Lower Hinge | 2.5000  |
| Minimum     | 1.0000  |

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